

The Janesville Daily Gazette.

VOLUME 24

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JANESVILLE, WISCONSIN, WEDNESDAY, OCTOBER 6, 1880.

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NUMBER 181

It should be remembered that the issue in this campaign is not between Garfield and Hancock. It is between Republicanism and Democracy. There is no other issue in the canvass. There can be no other. It is not a contest between man and man. The point to be decided is, whether the Democratic party after having steadily opposed the Republican policy for years; after having been substantially on the Southern side during the war; after having set its face against every rational plan of reconstruction; after prolonged faction and partisanship constantly verging upon treason, shall now be put in full possession of the government. Hancock may be as superb as any general can be, he may be an "Angel in epaulets," but he is a candidate of his party, and his election will give it the power it is seeking after.

It is to be regretted that the Republicans in the Second Assembly district in Walworth county have become dissatisfied with the result of the convention recently held in that district. It appears that Mr. D. B. Barnes, the present member, was renominated. There were 27 votes in the convention, and on the last ballot, Barnes is said to have had a majority of two. There were some in the convention who surmised that the last count was not a fair one, and it has been reported that fourteen delegates to the convention have made sworn statements that they voted for Mr. W. Herron, of Shojiere, on the last ballot, which would have nominated him to the vote been correctly counted. Believing this to be a gross insult to every honest Republican in the district, many are in favor of calling out Mr. Herron to run against Barnes, and thus resent the insult and defend the rights of Mr. Herron. But on mature deliberation probably this will not be done. This is an unfortunate circumstance, and we trust the matter will be amicably arranged so that the Republicans will not endanger the election of their candidate.

The Democratic platform declares: We pledge ourselves anew to the constitutional doctrines and traditions of the Democratic party as illustrated by the teachings of a long line of Democratic statesmen and patriots and embodied in the platform of the last national convention of the party. At times there is nothing more eloquent than figures. There is a powerful and silent influence in them which makes a complete wreck of partisan brag and party bluster. The "teachings of a long line of Democratic statesmen and patriots" show more dishonesty, corruption, and treasonable plots than were ever practiced by any other party in this country. They began away back in the early history of the present Democratic party, and up to this day the party has not abandoned its old customs nor forgotten its principles.

The records in Washington show that the last Secretary of the Interior under the Democratic rule, was a defaulter to the amount of \$871,000, and never was a dollar of that vast amount ever accounted for. Under the teachings of this long line of Democratic statesmen and patriots, Mr. Fowler, postmaster of New York, stole the sum of \$170,947, and the government never got a cent back.

Under the same teachings, which the National Democratic platform praises so highly, Mr. Samuel Swartwout, Democratic collector of the port of New Orleans, ran away with \$1,205,030, and the government never got a cent.

Under the same teachings Mr. Hammond, Democratic collector of the San Francisco port, managed to slip away with \$372,122, and he was never called to an account for the theft. The total amount which prominent Democrats stole between 1831 and 1880, under the teachings of the long line of patriots and statesmen, was a little over ten million dollars; and don't forget it, that this is the same party which runs and raves about the dishonesty of the Republicans, and wants a change!

The only true test of the honesty of any party is a comparison of its losses by theft or reckless management. By doing this it is easy to find out which party has been faithful and honest, and which has been faithless and corrupt. And it must be remembered that a merchant who employs a hundred clerks, salesmen, and cashiers, and transacts a business of five millions a year, must of necessity, make allowances for greater losses by pilfering and theft than the merchant who employs only twenty men and does a business of only half a million. When the Democrats were in power, there was very little money to spend, and the number of officials was comparatively small; but they made out to steal more money and meet with greater losses, than the Republicans did when the latter had a hundred times more money to receive and disburse. There were gigantic thefts in those "good old Democratic days," and some of the greatest sums were stolen at the very last days of Democratic rule.

To hurrah for that party now seems like offering a premium for official corruption and personal rascality; and yet the Democrats are doing these things in demanding a change. It is marvelous to look at the official figures, and see which party has been the economical one, and which has been reckless and dishonest. During the Democratic days prior to 1861, the thefts and defalcations averaged \$5.17 for every \$1,000 collected and expended; while from 1861 to 1879, the rate was only 57 cents to each \$1,000. Under Jackson they averaged \$7.52 to the \$1,000, and under Van Buren, \$11.71. Under Buchanan, they were \$3.81 to the

\$1,000, under Lincoln, 57 cents, under Grant 34 cents; and it is a marvelous fact, that under the administration of President Hayes, the losses have not been so much as the eighth of one per cent, to a \$1,000! And yet the men whose party has stole its millions, want a change!

THE BONES OF CONTENTION.

General Garfield is certain of receiving 166 electoral votes, within nineteen of enough to give him the election; while General Hancock is certain of 147 votes, or within 34 of enough to elect him. This gives Hancock the Solid South and New Jersey, and leaves New York, Indiana, and Connecticut, as doubtful. In order to win, the Democrats must not only carry the States conceded to him, but he must New York and either Connecticut and Indiana. Even New Jersey, Indiana, or Connecticut will not save them. In other words, the Democrats can not elect Hancock without New York, and should they carry that State, and lose Indiana and Connecticut, they still fail to elect Hancock. Should the Republicans carry Indiana and Connecticut, they can give the Democrats New York and yet elect Garfield, but they cannot lose New York, and Indiana or Connecticut.

It will be seen from this that New York is of supreme importance to the Republicans. In fact the three states named—New York, Indiana, and Connecticut—are the bones of contention in this campaign. The great question then is, who has the best chance of carrying these States? As to New York, the Republicans express the confidence that they will give the vote to Garfield, while the Democrats appear to be equally as confident that they will give the vote to Hancock. Four years ago, President Hayes carried the State outside the city, by a large majority, but the Democratic vote in the city gave the State to Tilden by 30,000. In 1876, Tilden carried Indiana by a plurality of only 5,000, and his majority in Connecticut was only 1,819. The Republicans are in better condition in Connecticut than they were four years ago; and the same may be said of New York. The Republicans of the Empire State were never more united than they are now, and should a reasonably fair vote be had in the city, they will sweep the State. In 1876, Kings county, in which Brooklyn is located, gave a Democratic majority of 18,000, but this year the business men are paying more attention to politics, and they have an unshaken faith that the county will go Republican.

In Indiana there is a hard fight, and the result will be close. But the Republicans are in good working order, are confident of carrying the State next Tuesday, as well as in November. Porter, the Republican candidate for Governor, is popular, while Landers, the Democratic candidate is unpopular and does not solidly unite his party. There have been a great many workmen who have left the Democratic party in that State, and the influence which this will have throughout the State gives the Republicans the assurance that they will carry it.

APPOINTMENTS.

The following appointments have been announced for Hon. C. G. Williams: Dodgeville, October 7. Mineral Point, October 8. Lancaster, October 9. Baraboo, October 11. Eau Claire, October 12. Menomonie, October 13. Janesville, Wis., October 14. Oshkosh, October 21.

ASSEMBLY CONVENTIONS.

FIRST DISTRICT. The Republican convention of the First Assembly District, will be held at Portville house, Portville, Saturday, October 10th, at 11 o'clock a. m. to nominate a candidate for Member of Assembly.

L. A. HONIG, H. F. HOBERT, HENRY AUSTIN, Committee.

SECOND DISTRICT. The Republican convention for nominating a Member of Assembly for the Second District, will be held at the Common Council room, in this city, on Saturday afternoon, October 10th, at 2 o'clock.

S. B. SMITH, S. TRULSON, J. W. BATES, F. KIMBALL, N. E. BENNETT, WISNER TRIPP, SILAS WARD, Committee.

WARD CAUCUSES.

The Republicans of the several wards of the city of Janesville are requested to meet on Friday evening, October 9th, at 7:30 o'clock, for the purpose of selecting delegates to represent the different wards in the Assembly Convention, which will meet in the Common Council room, October 9th, at 2 p. m.

The caucuses will be held as follows: First Ward—West Side Engine House. Second Ward—East Side Engine House.

Third Ward—Court House. Fourth Ward—West end of the lower bridge.

Fifth Ward—Inflator Clark's Shop.

The Summer Solstice.

One great reason why hot weather is so debilitating lies in the fact that the body is exhausted by the labors of the year. Indeed it is natural that this should be the case, in order, therefore, to resist this tendency to exhaustion it only becomes necessary to re-vigorate the body which can readily be done by one or two bottles of Warner's Safe Tonic. The remedy is being extensively used by physicians for this purpose and is for sale by druggists all parts of the world.

A. Rochefort, Fayette Mich. writes: Your Electric Oil gives good satisfaction in this place, send me ten dollars worth by express, and oblige.

Sold by A. J. Roberts, and Croft & Sherer.

A GOOD OUTLOOK.

The Democrats in Washington Terribly Excited Over a Grant Interview.

General Grant's Recollections of Order No. 40 and the Forney Bonds.

Cheering Dispatches Received at Republican Headquarters in Washington.

The Republicans Very Hopeful of Final Success in the Political Contest.

The Presence of General Grant and Other Prominent Republicans Has a Good Effect.

The Republicans Anticipate Fraud in the Second Wisconsin District.

Two Thousand Democrats to be Imported for the Purpose of Defeating Caswell.

The Epizootic on the Increase in New York City.

GENERAL GRANT.

Excitement Over the Interview in Washington.

WASHINGTON, D. C., Oct. 5.—The interview of the Rev. C. H. Fowler with General Grant, in explanation of General Hancock's Order No. 40, has created great excitement among the Democrats here. One of the prominent leaders about Democratic headquarters said that it was a most atrocious insult to General Hancock. However, none of them undertook to dispute the historical value of General Grant's statement. This interview illustrates General Grant's wonderful memory, for of course he had neither the records nor a copy of them with him at the time of this informal conversation. A gentleman who has recently read all the official correspondence and telegrams on file here between General Grant and General Hancock relative to New Orleans matters, says that General Grant's statement is sustained by the record, so far as it is a matter of record, in every particular. The telegrams to which General Grant refers as having been so expensive which Hancock sent in reply to a simple inquiry of General Grant, are on file at the War Department, and the telegraphic cost marks on them agree exactly with General Grant's memory of this little detail.

There is another circumstance in connection with the seven million dollars New Orleans story which brought the publication of General Grant's interview has brought forth, that otherwise would have been forgotten. It is remembered that a gentleman in the employ of John W. Forney, at the time the latter was editor of the Chronicle in this city, said that about that time John W. Forney was understood to have received \$100,000 in these levee bonds, an account partly of his influence in the Chronicle, and possibly in part for distribution, although it is not known that any distribution was ever made, and that Forney in some way came in possession of them through friends of General Hancock. Unsurprisingly John W. Forney has never accounted for the \$250,000 testified to have been paid him in connection with the Pacific Mail lobby, the receipt of which has not been denied, it is possible that he will not take any notice of this bond story, but if this statement is true, the reason why John W. Forney became so enthusiastic a biographer of General Hancock is possibly discovered. If Sheridan had not removed those officers Forney's bonds might have brought par.

A GOOD OUTLOOK.

Cheering News at the Republican Headquarters in Washington.

WASHINGTON, Oct. 5.—Dispatches received here to-day from Republican headquarters say that as the end of the canvass approaches, and the Republicans take their final survey of the ground, they are very hopeful. They think that the presence of General Grant with the Boys in Blue, and of prominent Republican speakers, in the closing days of the campaign, will have great effect. The fact, too, that in the Connecticut town elections there have been Republican gains, is taken as a very hopeful indication by the Republicans for its effect in Indiana and Ohio, as well as for its influence in Connecticut itself. The Democrats, however, are endeavoring to make light of the Connecticut vote, and say that it has no significance.

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SECOND WISCONSIN.

A Democratic Scheme to Defeat Caswell by Fraud.

MILWAUKEE, Oct. 5.—A letter from Jefferson to-day says that the Democrats of the Second congressional district have on foot a scheme for the election of J. C. Gregory over L. B. Caswell. It is the importation of 1,500 or 2,000 laborers to work on the new branch of the Chicago & Northwestern Road who can be depended upon to vote the Democratic ticket. Colonel W. F. Vilas is attorney for the Northwestern road, and he is a warm personal and political friend of Gregory. That Mr. Vilas would lend himself to such a project is doubted, although he is credited with organizing it. But there are plenty of Democratic politicians about Madison and Jefferson sufficiently unscrupulous to perpetrate the fraud. If the Republicans are not extremely vigilant the fight

in the Second District will be bitter and desperate, Gregory, the Democratic nominee, being the local attorney of the St. Paul Company, and having its influence; but unless extensive frauds are practiced Caswell is sure of a majority.

THE EPIZOOTIC.

It is Rapidly Spreading in New York City.

NEW YORK, Oct. 5.—The epidemic now raging among the horses is spreading to all the animals in the stables of the car and stage companies. It is estimated that nearly 4,000 car-horses, two-thirds of the stage horses, and many of the animals used by large express companies, are now suffering from the disease, and a large proportion of all the other horses in the city, including some of the best trotters in private stables, are also affected. No fatal cases have been heard of as yet, and this is accounted for by some by the supposition that the disease has not yet reached its height. Alarming symptoms have not yet developed themselves, but there are many horsemen who argue that it is only a question of a few days, at most, before the disease will have a good hold, and then the epidemic will equal that of 1872. On the other hand most of the superintendents of the larger stables say that the animals are only afflicted with a very light form of the disease, and no serious results need be anticipated if the proper remedies are promptly administered.

Sr. Joris, Oct. 5.—The epizootic is prevalent in the city. There have been some fatal cases.

A BIG MILL BLAZE.

LA CROSSE, Oct. 5.—The saw mill of C. H. Nichols & Co., at Embala, a few miles above here on Black River, was destroyed by fire to-night, the fire catching in the engine room. The mill was valued at \$20,000, and was insured for \$5,000. Considerable lumber was destroyed, but is covered by insurance. The mill will probably be rebuilt.

Remarkable Success.

The sciences of medicine and chemistry have never produced so valuable a remedy for the treatment of kidney diseases as the accidental discovery of the vegetable contained in Dr. J. C. KIDNEY PILLS. Its reliable character, admirable qualities and masterly curative power have deeply won upon the confidence of the medical profession and countless sufferers who have used it.

BIG ADVERTISING.

The Chicago Evening Journal gives the following item which shows what confidence some men have in advertising, and how John B. Jeffery is turning out work from his mammoth printing establishment:

But few persons have the nerve, business sagacity and confidence in their products to expend \$20,000 at one time in a single item of advertising. Such is not the case with the Messrs. Marburg and manufacturers of the celebrated "Seal of North Carolina," smoking tobacco and the "Lone Fisherman" cigarettes. The contract for large posters, requiring nearly 350 rooms, or over 100,000 full sheets of paper, has just been completed, and the last installment of \$20,000 stands on the books of the Chicago Evening Journal.

Twenty sheets of each, of making 40,000 sheets of paper, printed in four colors, from cuts engraved expressly for this order, was shipped to Baltimore a few days since by the Jno. B. Jeffery Printing and Engraving House of Chicago. The inventor of the celebrated "Seal of North Carolina," smoking tobacco and the "Lone Fisherman" cigarettes, has demonstrated the fact that the Jeffery Printing and Engraving House of Chicago is, as it claims to be, the leading show-printing house in the country.

RESOLUTIONS OF RESPECT.

At a special meeting of People's Lodge, I. O. G. T., No. 460, held on Monday afternoon, the following resolutions were adopted, in memory of our late sister, Miss Minnie Ross:

Resolved, That the dark-winged angel of death has for the second time entered our circle, and this time removed from our midst one of our most faithful members, Sister Minnie Ross, therefore

Resolved, That while we bow in submission to the Divine Will, we feel that our loss as a lodge is irreparable, and we feel that our loss as a lodge is irreparable. Still we say Thy will be done.

Resolved, That her example as a temperance worker and a Christian, is worthy to be copied by every member of our Lodge.

Resolved, That we express our sympathy for her family and friends, and our love for her by attending in a body her funeral.

Resolved, That our own hall be draped and the members wear the mourning badge for three months as a reminder that the time is short.

Resolved, That a copy be sent for publication to the city papers, and to the family of the deceased.

By order of lodge.

H. SEWELL, W. C. T.

—Aaron Sonchorn, of Janesville, was in town Monday, selling a bill of clothing.

—Rev. A. L. P. Loomis and wife, who have been attending the Congregational Convention at Milwaukee, returned Monday afternoon.

The inventor of Professor Place maketh his voice heard in Goodrich hall. A new census must be taken.

—Rev. O. U. Whitford, of Walworth, was in town this week visiting relatives.

—The St. Louis Board of Education have introduced the staff ruled writing books invented by Prof. J. D. Bond, of St. Paul, a former Milwaukeean, into the public schools of that city.

I drank the richest draughts, and ate whatever was good. Fish and flesh, and fowl and fruit, supplied my hungry mood; But now liver affects me, and I'm all over pain.

If Spring Blossom cures me, I'll not live so high again.

Sold by A. J. Roberts and Croft & Sherer.

To Justices of the Peace

BLANKS for Justice's Returns to County Board in new and convenient form.

By J. D. Bond, of St. Paul, Minn.

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By J

REPUBLICAN TICKET.

Election Tuesday, November 2d, 1880.

FOR PRESIDENT.

JAMES A. GARFIELD,
OF OHIO.

FOR VICE PRESIDENT.

CHESTER A. ARTHUR,
OF NEW YORK.

PRESIDENTIAL ELECTORS.

At Large—(George E. Langdon,
1st District—Lucius S. Blake,
2d District—George E. Langdon,
3d District—George E. Langdon,
4th District—William P. McLaren,
5th District—Charles E. Langdon,
6th District—Edward L. Brown,
7th District—Frederick H. Knapp,
8th District—John B. Houston.

CONGRESSIONAL.

First District—Charles G. Williams,
Second District—L. B. Caswell,
Third District—George C. Hagleton,
Fourth District—Cassius M. Sawyer,
Fifth District—Edwin Coleman,
Sixth District—Richard Gunther,
Seventh District—H. L. Humphrey,
Eighth District—Thad. C. Pound.

STATE SENATE.

Seventh District—

HAMILTON RICHARDSON, of Janesville.

ASSEMBLY.

Third District—

JAMES MENZIES, of Harmony.

COUNTY TICKET.

For Sheriff—

H. L. SKAYLEM, of Newark.

For Register of Deeds—

C. L. VALENTINE, of Janesville.

For County Treasurer—

WILLIS MILES, Town of Janesville.

For County Clerk—

S. MORGAN, of Lima.

For District Attorney—

JOHN W. SALT, of Janesville.

For Clerk of the Court—

A. W. BALDWIN, of Milton.

For Surveyor—

R. K. LEE, of Janesville.

For Coroner—

O. ALLEN, of Milton.

A LADY'S BAGGAGE.

The baggage check and some useful

Lady travelers are often anxious and perplexed about their baggage. Sometimes they suffer very serious inconvenience. Not long ago New York papers had a pitiful story of a young lady who came from the country in company with friends. She packed all her money in her trunk, thinking that safe, and the gentleman of the party carried the baggage check of all this. This, by the way, is not the best course. A gentleman accompanying a lady in travel should give the check for her trunk to her and she should have her own ticket, at least if at any time she remains alone in the cars. For want of such caution, when the party in the story, late at night, reached the depot, and became by accident separated, the young lady had no money. It was in her trunk and she could not get her trunk. Her escort had the check. She did not know to what hotel her friends meant to go, and she had no acquaintances in the city. A policeman found her at midnight wandering forlorn and helpless. All he could do for her was to conduct her to the station-house, where she passed the night in such accommodations as are provided for tramps and vagrants. A lady should know what it is right to do about baggage, and she should carry her own check.

What to carry in one's trunk is a question which need not trouble ladies much; they are not likely to want to carry anything objectionable. Men want all sorts of things, and there have been a good many lawsuits over such things as pistols, sky-rockets, samples of dry goods, acids, rattlesnakes, masonic regalia or manuscripts of books in men's trunks. In Boston, last summer, a city expressman began dragging a trunk out of the baggage-room to his wagon, when it burst into a thousand pieces, threw the expressman twenty feet into the air, and blew a small boy, who was passing, quite across the street. There was nothing left of the trunk but a few fragments. No doubt this was a gentleman's trunk. A lady is not likely to want to pack gunpowder or nitro-glycerine. She might be sure, carry ink, or hair-oil or summer preserves; and if the bottles should be carelessly packed, and the liquids oozed out and injured the neighboring baggage, fault might be found. But generally speaking, her right is to carry whatever she likes. Her station in life is accustomed to want with them for use upon such journeys. Some of the railroads and steamboats have rules that they will not be answerable for more than, say, one hundred pounds in weight or one hundred dollars in value; but these rules do not hinder her carrying more, but only require her to pay extra fare or run the risk. If she is a queen she may carry what queens generally use; if she is an emigrant woman she may carry what emigrants need. If she is going to San Francisco or New Orleans she needs more things than in going to Philadelphia or Boston and she may pack accordingly.

There was a Russian countess who started from home to travel through Europe, Asia, Africa and finally America; and when, at length, she reached this country, she brought six trunks—common looking ones they were and pretty well worn; but in them were packed, in great variety, elegant and costly dresses, rich jewelry and very valuable lace. From New York she started for Niagara Falls, meaning to go from thence to Chicago, San Francisco, New Orleans, Havana and even Rio Janeiro. But for the trip to Niagara she carried only two of her trunks. In one of them, however, were packed the chief quantity of her lace; they were ancient unique and beautiful and valued by her at \$200,000. Between Albany and Niagara this trunk was broken open and more than 200 yards of lace stolen. She sued the company. They argued that she had no business to be carrying such valuable property about the country in common-looking trunks, with nothing to inform their baggage-men what measure of care was needed. But the court said that it was not a lady's place to go about telling what a magnificent wardrobe she had; it was the company's place to ask, if they had any need to know. If she had practiced, and had answered falsely, or had refused to pay for extra baggage, the company would have a good defense; but as they neglected to ask them must pay. And she recovered \$10,000.

There was once a trunk lost on a railroad journey and the company said that they supposed they must pay for all the contents except an opera glass; but that, they contended, was not baggage.

The judge said that if the passenger wanted to use it on the trip they must pay. Needing the thing on the journey is the main point. A woman who emigrated from Ireland by steamer brought a feather bed of her own with her, and it was lost on the way; the men probably dropped it overboard. She sued for the worth of it. The judge asked if she meant to sleep upon it on the voyage. She said no; she was carrying it to use when she began housekeeping in America. Then, he said, it was not lawful baggage.

If a lady gives her baggage to the baggage-master to be placed in the crate or baggage-car, she, almost everywhere, receives a little metal check. Every one knows that a baggage check is an important thing to look at. But it is an important thing, carrying a check relieves her of all care and responsibility about her things for the whole trip the check covers; yes, even if there are half a dozen railroad companies connecting in the journey. If any injury happens to the baggage on the way the companies must pay, unless there was some very extraordinary cause for it, such as does not happen once in ten years. And if she loses her check she runs the risk that the baggage-master will say, "The man had the check," and she would get no redress; unless, perhaps, she could prove that for some reason he knew that the finder of the check had no right. One ought to take just as much care of the check as one would of a watch.

The rule about care of baggage changes when the train or steamboat has fairly reached its destination. All that the company is bound to do is to carry the things to the end of the trip and there deliver them back to the passenger or person who presents the check. The lady should not depend on leaving her trunks in the depot without understanding that they are kept there as matter of favor and at her risk. Her duty is, when the end of the journey is reached, to take her baggage, or send a hackman to take it and carry it away. If for her convenience she leaves it in the baggage-room for a few days until she becomes settled, she should remember that if it is accidentally injured or lost the company will probably not be chargeable. There was a lady who arrived from Rochester at Albany, and asked the baggage-master to keep one of her trunks for a fortnight. He told her that if she would surrender her check to him she might leave the trunk in the baggage-room and it would be perfectly safe. She gave him the check and departed. In a fortnight she came for her trunk but it was gone; another woman who had in some way learned the circumstances, had come and claimed the trunk, and it had been given to her upon the supposition that she was the owner. In truth she was a thief. There was a long lawsuit. The lady passenger won in the end, but it was after a great deal of vagary, trouble and expense.—*Woman's World.*

A Pompeian House.

The house which was begun to be excavated at the celebration of the centenary of Pompeii, and is therefore called "Casa del Centenario," and from which I saw three skeletons dug out, says the Naples correspondent of the London Daily News, has proved to be the largest hitherto discovered, and is of peculiar interest. It contains two atria, two triclinia, four alae or wings, a caldarium, frigidarium and tepidarium. It occupies the entire space between three streets and most likely a fourth, which has yet to be excavated. The vestibule is elegantly decorated, and its mosaic pavement ornamented with the figure of a dolphin pursued by a sea-horse. In the first atrium, the walls of which are adorned with small theatrical scenes, the pavement is sunk and broken as if by an earthquake, and there is a large hole through which one sees the cellar. The second atrium is very spacious, with a handsome peristyle, the columns—white and stucco—being twenty-six in number. In the center is a large marble basin within the edge of which runs a narrow step. On the pedestal at one side was found the statue of the Faun which I have described. The most interesting place in the house is an inner court or room, on one side of which is the niche, with tiny marble steps often to be seen in Pompeian houses. The frescoes on the walls are very beautiful. Close to the floor runs a wreath of leaves about a quarter of a yard wide, with alternately a lizard and droop, as if from over a yard distant, branches of ivy and broad leaves like those of the tiger-tail—all very freely, naturally and gracefully drawn. At each corner of the room a bird clings to one of these branches. Then comes a space—bordered at the top by another row of leaves—in which is represented a whole aquarium, as if the room was lined with tanks. There are different sorts of shells and aquatic plants lying at the bottom of the water, and swimming in or on it all kinds of fish, jelly fish, sepia, ducks and swans, admirably sketched with a light yet firm touch. The ripples made by the swimming ducks are indicated and one duck is just flying into the water with a splash. On each side of the niche this amazing aquarium is entered by a special incident. To the left a large octopus has caught a monstrous murina (lamprey) which turns round to bite—in its tentacles; to the right a fine lobster has pierced another murina through and through with its long, hard feelers, or horns. These creatures are painted in the natural colors very truthfully. On the left wall of the room, above the two fish are two sphinxes, supporting on their heads square marble vases, on the brim of each of which sits a dove. Behind the niche, and on the left side of the room, runs a little gallery with a corridor underneath, lighted by small square holes in the border of hanging branches of shells and aquatic plants. The wall of this gallery behind the niche is decorated with a woodland landscape, in which, on one side, is represented a bull running furiously away with a hen clinging to its haunches; on the other, a horse lying struggling on its back, attacked by a leopard; all nearly the size of life. On each side of the doorway is painted, respectively, a graceful doe and a bear. The other rooms are also very beautiful; one with a splendidly elegant design on a black representing a man pouring wine to a woman into a large vessel. The bath-rooms are large and elegant, the roofs both spacious and of marble. In one room a corner is dedicated to the *lars* and *penates*, and in the fresco decoration, among the usual serpents, etc., I noticed the singular figure of a Bacchus or baccante, sitting clothed with large grapes. In one of the mosaic pavements is a head of Medusa, the colors very bright and well preserved. As some of the rooms are only excavated to within two or three feet of the floor, it is possible that many valuable ornaments or statuettes may yet be found, as everything indicates that this splendid house belonged to some rich citizen.

MISCELLANEOUS.

MISCELLANEOUS.

We Come Again With
SPLENDIDS!
TO GREET YOU.

Fuller, Warren & Co., Troy, New York, made and sold more iron stoves, in 1879, than any other house in the world.

SPLENDIDS!
N. GRESWOLD

Sold more Base Burners than any other House in Janesville.

SPLENDIDS!
Heating and Cooking
STOVES

As good as the best and cheap as the cheapest. We also do the work of all kinds, from a Galvanized Iron Corner, up to a Sausage Machine. Call at 36 North Main Street.

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Bargains,
Bargains.
BOOTS, SHOES!
GLOVES & MITTENS.
NEW GOODS!
NEW STORE!

At the Old Stand, We have the Largest and Best variety of Goods, Ladies' Mittens and Children's.

Fine Boots & Shoes

In the city, and as we lay in Large Quantities and therefore get the wholesale discount, we can sell the best quality of Boots and Shoes.

Lower than any Other House

In Southern Wisconsin. Also a Full Line of Gloves and Mittens that we sell at prices which defy competition.

PLEASE CALL!

And examine Goods and Prices, and oblige Yours Respectfully,

A. RICHARDSON.

Don't forget the place—next to Farmers' Mills, in West Milwaukee St.

New and Large Lot

of

FLOWER
POTS!
Hanging Baskets!
Shells, Urns,
WINDOW BOXES!

See Plain and Decorated, just opened at

Wheelock's Grocery Store.

ANOTHER

Lot of 10 Cent Hanging Baskets.

A few more Quart and Half-Gallon Mason Fruit Jars and Jelly Tumblers, and an immense lot of Glass, Glass, Plated Ware, and other Household-Furnishing Goods. Stock of New Lamp's in abundance.

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R. C. YEOMANS,

Franklin street, Corn Exchange Square, Janesville, Wis.

DEALER IN

Wind-Mill, Garden-Fant, Set Length Force Pumps, Fire, Sprinkling, Driv'g Points, Deep and Shallow Well Cauders.

Gas and Steam Fitting Goods!

Culch and other Valves, Engine Pumpings, Rubber Hose, Sheet Rubber, Lead Pipe, Pack and Seal.

Steam, Gas and Water Pipe Fitting a Specialty.

Deep and Shallow Well Repairing, Estimates given and Contracts Taken on Work at Discount. All work Personally Attended to.

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Get Pure, Fresh Milk!

FROM THE CHAMPION DAIRY

This Dairy is situated inside the city limits, within one mile of the Post Office, and the milk is delivered over smooth roads, thirty minutes from the cows, morning and evening, at FOUR CENTS per Quart. This Dairy contains 100 head of the best cows in the State. Those wanting pure Milk, please address CHAMPION DAIRY through the Post Office, or mail the wagon.

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Store for Sale or Rent

The undersigned herewith offers for sale or rent the brick building

IN THE VILLAGE OF STOUGHTON

known as the Grange Store. The store is a large and convenient building, and will be rented or sold on the most reasonable terms. For particulars call on or address WM. H. LEE, DLE, Janesville, Wis.

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DETROIT.

Grand Haven and Milwaukee

RAIL-WAY.

THE

SHORTEST, CHEAPEST,

EAST!

And Quickest Route to the

STEAMSHIPS LEAVE DAILY.

Saturdays excepted.

Milwaukee, depart 7:30 p.m.

Grand Haven, depart 6:00 p.m.

Detroit, arrive 12:15 p.m.

Niagara Falls, arrive 8:30 p.m.

Buffalo, arrive 8:45 p.m.

New York, sec. day, arrive 10:30 a.m.

Boston, arrive 2:40 p.m.

State rooms free on Steamers.

Only One Night Stop in Janesville between Milwaukee and New York, Boston and principal eastern cities.

SAVING \$3.00!

in railroad, and \$2.00 sleeping car fare, 100 miles in distance.

For sale of all principal ticket offices in the northwest, at Company's office, 355 Broadway and at Dock office, adjoining Union Depot, Janesville. HARRY BRADLEY, FORD, Passenger and Ticket Agent, Milwaukee, Wis.

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To Nervous Sufferers—The Great European Remedy—Dr. J. B. Simpson's Specific Medicine.

It is a positive cure for Spermatorrhea, Seminal Weakness, Impotency, and all diseases resulting from Self-Abuse as Mental Anxiety, Loss of Memory, Pains in Back or Side, and disordered action of the system. Cases that lead to Consumption, Insanity, Gravel, and all other grave diseases. The Specific Medicine is being used with wonderful success. A pamphlet is sent free to all. Write for them and get full particulars.

Price, Sixpence, \$1.00 per package, or six packages for \$5.00. Address all orders to

DR. J. B. SIMPSON'S MEDICINE CO.,

No. 10, and 11, H. R. BRADLEY, N. Y.

Sold in Janesville by Croft & Sherer, and all druggists everywhere.

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MISCELLANEOUS.

MISCELLANEOUS.

Dr. V. CLARENCE PRICE
HAS
Visited Janesville
EIGHTEEN YEARS.

Has met with unparalleled success in the treatment of all

CHRONIC DISEASES!

OF THE

Throat, Lungs, Heart,

Stomach, Liver.

Head, nerves, kidneys, bladder, womb, and all affections of the urinary organs, gravel, sciatica, rheumatism, catarrh, asthma, bronchitis, dyspepsia, &c.

DR. PRICE'S REPUTATION!

Has been acquired by faithful, honest dealing and years of successful practice. My practice, not one of experiment, but founded on the laws of Nature, with years of experience and evidence to sustain it, does not fear down, misleads, or deceives; it is a harsh, treatment, no trifling, no flattering. We know the cause and remedy needed; no guess work, but knowledge gained by years of experience in the treatment of Chronic Diseases exclusively. No encouragement is given to a prospect. Candidates to our opinions, reasonable in our charges, claim not to know everything or cure everybody, but do lay claim to reason and common sense. We invite the sick, no matter what their ailment, to call and investigate before they abandon hope, make interrogations and decide for yourself; it will cost nothing as consultation is free. Visits made regularly.

373dmy

Dr. V. Clarence Price

Can be consulted at JANESVILLE, WISCONSIN, HOUSE, Sunday the 10th of October, 1880.

Patients will address all letters to Dr. V. Clarence Price, Waukegan, Ill., with stamp.

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THE GAZETTE.

WEDNESDAY, OCTOBER 6, 1880.

OFFICIAL PAPER OF THE CITY.

Published Every Evening Except Sunday, at \$7.00 Per Year by

THE GAZETTE PRINTING COMPANY.

OFFICE ON NORTH MAIN STREET, JANEVILLE, - - WISCONSIN.

THE CITY.

NOTICES FOR THIS COLUMN WILL BE CHARGED FOR AT FIVE CENTS PER LINE. FIRST INSERTION, AND SIX CENTS FOR EACH SUBSEQUENT INSERTION IN DAILY, DAILY AND WEEKLY TWENTY CENTS FIRST, AND TWELVE CENTS EACH SUBSEQUENT INSERTION.

New Fall and Winter dry-goods now arriving at Geo. Stockton's.

FOR SALE—At the Gazette counting room a velocipede scroll saw, price very low.

A FINE lot of ladies' hoods, in the newest styles, just opened at Geo. Stockton's.

FOR SALE—One set of Howe's celebrated shding poise, platform scales, just received from the manufacturers, can be seen at the GAZETTE counting room.

DEMORSE'S popular patterns, embracing all the late styles, at Geo. Stockton's.

We have a beautiful iron chair for lawn or cemetery lots. Will sell cheap, at the GAZETTE counting room.

DEMORSE'S new Fall and Winter fashions now ready at Geo. Stockton's. Ask for catalogue.

You can get one set of Victor Platform Scales, new, at GAZETTE counting room at a bargain. Call and see them.

A new line of jet goods, in bracelets, combs, nail pins, hair ornaments, etc., just received at Geo. Stockton's.

FOR SALE—A new Mosley, Bahmann & Co. safe, weighing eleven hundred pounds, can be seen at GAZETTE counting room.

FOR SALE—One of the celebrated Improved Howe sewing machines, new and in perfect running order, price low, at the GAZETTE counting room.

Thomas Myers, Brucebridge, writes: "Dr. Thomas' Electric Oil is the best medicine I sell. It always gives satisfaction and in case of colds, colds, sore throat, burns, &c., immediate relief has been received by those who use it." For sale by A. J. Roberts, and Croft & Sherr.

LOCAL MATTER.

Ladies' and Gents' Stationery. For a good article of Writing Paper, Envelopes, Pens, Ink, &c., at reasonable prices, call at Sutherland's Bookstore. Jy14dw15

A perfect Smoke Burner for steam boilers. Borden, Sells & Co., Chicago, Ill. sep24dw15

Go to A. J. Roberts for Mrs. Freeman's New National Dyes. For brightness and durability of color are unequalled. Color from 2 to 5 pounds. Price, 15 cents. Jy14dw15

The Voltaic Belt Co., Marshall, Mich. Will send their celebrated Electro-Voltaic Belts to the afflicted upon 30 days trial. Speedy cures guaranteed. They mean what they say. Write to them without delay. nov14dw15

Mothers! Mothers!! Mothers!!! Are you disturbed at night and broken of your rest by a sick child suffering and crying with the excruciating pain of cutting teeth? If so, go at once and get a bottle of **MRS. WINSLOW'S SOOTHING SYRUP**. It will relieve the poor little sufferer immediately—depend upon it; there is no mistake about it. There is not a mother on earth who has ever used it who will not tell you at once that it will regulate the bowels, and give rest to the mother, and relief and health to the child, operating like magic. It is perfectly safe to use in all cases, and pleasant to the taste, and is the prescription of one of the oldest and best female physicians and nurses in the United States. Sold everywhere. 25 cents a bottle.

HEADQUARTERS FOR FINE CIGARS!

IMPORTED KEY WEST! FINE HAVANA! AND DOMESTIC CIGARS!

The largest and finest stock west of Chicago. Cohn & Co., of Chicago. Five, ten and fifteen cents each. Also five and ten cent cigars from Key West factory, and Imported Cigars twenty cents each. JAMES S. CLARK, O. P. O. sep24dw15

A NEW CARD!

L. R. TREAT

Begs leave to announce to the people of all nations and climes that, having bought Mr. Evan Thomas' stock of Boots & Shoes, with the good will thereunto belonging, he will continue the business at the old stand, keeping the best assorted line of Men's, Women's and Children's goods to be found in the State. New Fall goods bought for cash, at bottom figures, by eastern buyer, are now constantly arriving, and will be offered at prices that will defy competition, and astonish the natives.

Believing that next to bread, there is nothing like leather, I shall deal in the genuine article, and shall keep no Shoddy Goods just because others do. Show that you are alive to your own interests by calling and investigating and then judge for yourself.

33 West Milwaukee St., opposite Corn Exchange Square. sep14dw15

BLANKS OF ALL KINDS—At the very low rate rates at the GAZETTE OFFICE.

BRIEFLETS.

—Baptists are plenty.

—Stovepipes are going up.

—It is getting to be quite coal weather.

—Janessville's business is certainly on the increase.

—The railroad builders are making trucks pretty lively.

—Another large private party in Cannon's hall is on the tapis.

—Nelson Cole was today awarded the contract for building the addition to the Wisconsin Shoe Company's factory.

—In the Police court to-day John Murphy was sentenced to one day in jail, and John Kelley for seven days, both drunk.

—Those looking for contracts should not overlook the notice given in another column for bids for building four cisterns.

—Bridget Farrell stepped into Justice Brook's court this morning, paid up the costs, and promised not to trespass on Tom Rooney's land again, so peace is declared in Black Hawk.

—Barr Robbins' pseudo brigade has reached the city, their season's work being over. The last town billed is Naperville, Ill., so that the show will reach Janessville probably about the 16th.

—Janessville Grange No. 110, is to give a social party at their hall, Friday evening, October 15, which promises to be highly enjoyable. Anderson's band has been engaged, and all things made ready for a merry time.

—Frank Fellows appeared before Judge Wentworth, at Elkhorn, yesterday, and was fined \$500, which he paid cash down. His friends here surprised him on his return by having a banquet table spread, and slaying the fatted calf, and all went in for a good time at the board.

—The Weekly Herald is the new name with which Clinton's paper has been christened and Dr. Stephen Bowers is the new editor and publisher. The paper comes to our table as a welcome visitor, for it shows a due degree of activity and brains. We join with others in wishing the Herald success in its attempts to worthily represent the interests of Clinton.

—To-morrow morning a number of the uniformed Patriarchs, will go to Milwaukee, to take part in the grand parade and other festivities to be held there under the auspices of the Milwaukee Battalion, and to join in the attempt to perfect a State Battalion of uniformed Patriarchs. The Milwaukee & St. Paul railroad will return all Odd Fellows from Milwaukee at one-fifth the regular fare.

Best Accommodations for least money, Astor House, New York.

PERSONAL.

—George Williams arrived yesterday, and will spend a week or so here.

—George K. Steele and wife have arrived in the city. Mr. Steele has done good work for Mr. Robbins, as advance agent this year, and he has earned a rest.

THE WEATHER.

REPORTED BY FRUITER & EVENSON, DRUGGISTS.

The thermometer at 6 o'clock last night stood at 41 degrees above; at 1 o'clock A. M. today at 47 degrees above; at 7 o'clock A. M. at 41 degrees above, and at 1 o'clock P. M. at 55 degrees above.

A BRILLIANT GATHERING.

Last evening there was a most brilliant and enjoyable social gathering of friends, who were most hospitably entertained by Mrs. Anson Rogers, at her elegant home. The external appearance of the house was most attractive being brightly illuminated and the entrance lighted by Chinese lanterns, while within, the scene was even more brilliant. Few residences in this state are more spacious and more elegantly furnished, and the parlors presented a more than ordinarily attractive appearance last evening, adorned as they were with bouquets and vases of bright flowers, and filled with the happy guests, to the number of fully two hundred. The upper part of the house was devoted mainly to those who delighted in the dance, the musicians being stationed at one end of the spacious hall, which was canvassed, and the adjoining rooms were also devoted to a like purpose. In the parlors on the main floor there was clapping and card playing, and each guest found such enjoyment as was most pleasing. The refreshments were most tempting and varied, and all the arrangements in this respect reflected credit upon Shurtleff, who served as caterer. The company thus assembled seemed to enjoy the occasion most heartily, and from all are heard words of high praise concerning the elaborate and yet cordial hospitality bestowed upon them.

ORFORDVILLE REPUBLICANS.

Last evening Orfordville was wide awake, the Republican rally there calling in hundreds of people, and causing the church to be so packed that many were obliged to stand and many were unable to get inside the door. There were at the least calculation five hundred people to hear what Hon. James Sutherland of this city, had to say concerning the political issues. The speaker was met on his arrival by the band and by the Garfield and Arthur club, who with uniforms and torches did escort duty. The club number fifty-four members, and is under the captaincy of George W. Van Orman. The meeting was presided over by James Mowe, the president of the club, and H. A. Skavlen served as Secretary. Capt. S. J. M. Patnam being present, made some remarks at the opening of the meeting, by invitation of Mr. Sutherland, and the latter gentleman gave the address of the evening. Mr. Sutherland put his hearers in good humor by some pot stories, and gave them some honest earnest statements, which were so clearly put, that they made an impression not easily effaced. His address was really an able one, and called forth enthusiasm on all sides. The meeting was one of the most successful yet held.

THE BAPTIST DOINGS.

The Ministerial Union, Missionary Meeting, and Opening of the State Convention.

The gathering of prominent Baptist ministers, laymen and ladies from all parts of the State is resulting in some very interesting meetings at the Baptist church here.

The Ministerial Union opened last evening with an excellent sermon by Rev. W. G. Inman, of Fox Lake. This forenoon's session was opened by a devotional meeting led by Rev. G. W. Lincoln, of Brodhead, Rev. Mr. Marsh, of Beloit, and Rev. D. F. Canham, of Appleton, presented plans for sermons. Rev. H. O. Rowlands, of Oshkosh, gave an essay on "To what extent does the Old Testament reveal the doctrine of the future state?" This was pronounced an excellent essay, showing much thought, but caused some discussion.

This afternoon's session was given over to the discussion of the scriptural doctrine of the second coming of Christ, in which Rev. E. Leslie, of Waukesha; an archeological illustrations of scripture given by Rev. F. G. Thearle, of Chicago. A devotional meeting was held, led by Rev. S. E. Sweet, of Elkhorn.

THE MISSIONARY WORK.

The Woman's Baptist Foreign Missionary Society held their annual session in the Bible school rooms of the church to-day. Miss Van Ness, of Lodi, presided, and Mrs. Main, of Madison, served as Recording Secretary, assisted by Miss Mary Hoskins. Greetings and reports were given by Mrs. Loomis, of Milton, representing the Congregational Society; Mrs. Marshall, of Beloit, representing the Methodist society; Mrs. Lansing, of Beloit, the State Secretary, gave the annual report of the Executive Committee. This afternoon other reports and the election of officers are on the program.

The State Convention proper begins this evening. Owing to the inability of Rev. Mr. Hayhurst to be present, the annual sermon this evening will be delivered by Rev. H. L. House, of Racine. Rev. T. P. Sawin will convey the fraternal greetings of the Congregationalists to the Baptists, immediately after the sermon.

To-morrow's programme will open with a devotional meeting led by Rev. D. F. Canham; organization and appointment of committees; reports; ten minutes of address on "The Needs of the Field," by the missionaries and brethren G. W. Prescott, W. J. Kernoth, G. W. Lincoln, and Wm. Hartley. In the afternoon Rev. H. C. First will represent the Bible cause, Rev. C. F. Tolman, missions, and Rev. N. E. Wood, Rev. R. B. Manning, and Rev. H. O. Rowlands, will speak on Christian Education.

REAL ESTATE TRANSFERS.

Transfers of real estate filed for record in the office of Register of Deeds, by C. L. Valentine:

WEDNESDAY, SEPT. 30.
E. H. Bennett to C. E. Conrad, lots 5412 block 34, original plat of Janessville. \$15.00
Patrick Gagan to Anna B. Hughes, about 35 acres in section 7, La Prairie. 2,170.00
THURSDAY, SEPT. 31.
M. W. Scott to Robert Mone, 40 acres in section 12, Bradford, and other land. 3,114.00
Adam Griffin to H. A. Anderson, part of lot 1, block 2, Chandler's Add. to Clinton. 1,200.00
Clara Moulton to William Riger, lots in Africa. 200.00
Clara Moulton to Railroad Co., lot in Africa. 800.00
FRIDAY, OCTOBER 1.
David Davies to Joseph Churchill, 40 acres in section 2, Center. 650.00
Thomas Croak to James Croak, 40 acres in section 3, Magnolia. 1,000.00
SATURDAY, OCT. 2.
Hornes Fossenden et al. to William Fox, 40 acres in section 25, of Porter. 1,000.00
MONDAY, OCT. 4.
Samela A. Luce to Burgess Luce, lot 7, block 14, of Evansville. 225.00
E. J. Austin to C. S. Billings, 40 acres in section 33, Beloit. 1,300.00
TUESDAY, OCT. 5.
O. P. Temple to John Baldwin, lots in Beloit. 1,200.00
Clara A. Taylor to Geo. F. Spaulding, 40 acres in section 30, Spaulding Valley. 1,000.00
John Springs to Eliek Bruce, lot in village of Clinton. 1,000.00

RALLY AT LIMA.

Notwithstanding the very short notice given, and the extremely threatening aspect of the weather on Saturday evening last, the Republican rally at Lima was a decided success. Holbrook's new hall was comfortably filled at half-past seven o'clock, when the meeting was organized by the election of Mr. Fred Gould as Chairman, who, after a few brief remarks introduced the Hon. Pliny Norcross, of Janessville, who spoke for two hours, holding the closest attention of his audience by the masterly manner in which he demonstrated both by their public acts and speeches, that the Democrats of the "Solid South" were as disloyal to the Union now as in 1861, and the great danger of entrusting the reins of government to the hands of its enemies. The currency, Southern claims, and other questions were also dwelt upon. The speaker closed with an earnest appeal to the common sense, better judgment and patriotism of the people, whether a change in the policy of the best government on earth, could be necessary at a time when every pursuit and every branch of trade is enjoying a measure of prosperity almost unexampled in our nation's history. The Democrats present express themselves as well pleased with the speech on account of its candor and fairness in reasoning. The Lima Center Glee Club did good service by rendering some appropriate music, and with the speaker, received the hearty thanks of the audience.

George Meredith, Jersey City, writes: The Spring Blossom you sent me has had the happiest effect upon my daughter, her Headache and Depression of Spirits has vanished. She is again able to go to school and is as lively as a cricket. I will certainly recommend it to all my friends. Sold by A. J. Roberts, and Croft & Sherr.

MRS. FOGARTY'S TRIAL.

The Case Opened Up Yesterday at Elkhorn—The Appearance of the Prisoner.

The trial of Mrs. Fogarty for the murder of her husband at Milton, October 19, 1879, began yesterday at Elkhorn. The day previous was used in securing a jury, the regular panel of thirty-six being exhausted and a special venire of ten being issued before the needed twelve were secured. The jury finally agreed upon is as follows:

Ole Jacobson, Sugar Creek, farmer; Charles Blake, Spring Prairie, farmer; H. Allen, Sharon, farmer; James McIntosh, Spring Prairie, merchant; C. P. Taylor, Lyons, farmer; Milo Ranney, Lafayette, farmer; Edwin Balsey, Lafayette, farmer; A. J. Downing, Geneva, insurance agent; Samuel Howe, Geneva, farmer; Wm. Ingraham, Spring Prairie, farmer; Henry Hubbard, Lafayette, farmer; Joseph Elanders, Lyons, painter.

District Attorney Sale opened the case and outlined the murder, as far as it became apparent from the appearances of the premises, the finding of the body, etc., and pictured the relationship between Mrs. Fogarty, Christiansen, and her husband, and the contradictory statements made by Mrs. Fogarty concerning the affair.

Attorney J. B. Doe, who with E. M. Hyzer appears for the defense, opened upon his side with a picturing of the ignorance of Mrs. Fogarty, her past life, the fact that Christiansen had confessed to have murdered the man himself, and that he was already serving a life sentence for the crime. In neither of the openings was there much foreshadowing of the theories upon which the attorneys expected to try the case, they being mostly confined to a narration of the facts already published.

Mr. D. C. Burdick, of Milton, was the first witness. He had prepared diagrams showing the premises, the trail of foot-steps and blood leading from the Fogarty house to the stacks where the body was found, the condition of the house, the pools of blood, etc.

William Bantz testified to finding the body in the burning stacks, and concerning the marks of blood and the footprints in the fields. He also testified as to a conversation with Mrs. Fogarty the day following the murder, in which she denied all knowledge of the affair.

Howard W. Tilton was sworn as to the statement made by her and published in the Gazette at the time, in which she admitted that she knew some things about the bloody affair, and that she admitted she didn't tell the truth when she denied all knowledge of it.

Mrs. Fogarty sat by her counsel, dressed in plain black, and wept most of the time, her eyes being reddened and her face flushed. At times she was almost hysterical, and when the little babe, born to her in jail, was brought to her, she gathered the little thing in her arms and sobbed heavily. The child joined in a cry, and the Judge excused the prisoner and her babe from the room for a few minutes, to avoid the disturbance caused, and when Mrs. Fogarty returned she left the babe with others. Mrs. Fogarty was accompanied by Mrs. Nichols, a friend living near Janessville.

DR. HUMPHREY.

The La Crosse Chronicle of a recent date, gives Dr. Humphrey the fine compliment printed below. The Doctor is heartily welcomed to Janessville, and he can be assured that his ability and services will be appreciated. The Chronicle says:

"While we regret the removal from our neighboring city of Winona, of one of the ablest physicians and surgeons in the northwest to a larger field of usefulness, a more densely populated locality, there is tempered with the fact that our Doctor's removal will not place him beyond our reach, and that he will not lose his identity with the northwest."

Although located in Winona Dr. Humphrey's work belonged not exclusively to that place or locality, but extended all over the northwest, people from every section of the country seeking his skill for the alleviation of the various ills to which frail human nature is heir, and while surgery and surgical deformities was perhaps the direction in which he excelled, in the several forms of long standing and obscure diseases he seemed equally excellent. We have been favored with a long and pleasant acquaintance with the doctor, and can assure him that we join with his many friends in wishing him abundant success wherever he may go.

CHICAGO.

Chicago, October 5.
WHEAT—No. 2 spring wheat cash, 91½¢; No. 3 89½¢; No. 2 cash, 89½¢.
COAL—No. 2 cash, 89½¢.
PORK—Cash new, \$13.25.
LARD—Cash \$8.00.
LIVE HOGS—\$4.00 to \$5.00 according to grade.
BUTTER—25¢ to 30¢, 25¢ to 30¢, according to quality.
CHEESE—6¢ to 7¢, according to quality.
EGGS—Fresh, 17¢.
HAY—Timothy, No. 1, \$14.00 to \$15.00; No. 2, \$13.00 to \$14.00.
HOPS—12¢ to 15¢.
HONEY—Good to new choice comb in boxes at 15¢ to 18¢.
SEEDS—Clover at \$1.50 to \$1.75; Timothy \$2.25 to \$2.50; Flax, \$1.20.
TALLOW—No. 1, 5½¢; No. 2, 5¢.
WHISKY—\$1.10.
WOOL—Tub-washed bright, 40¢ to 45¢; unwashed, 25¢ to 30¢; coarse, 20¢ to 25¢.

MILWAUKEE.

Milwaukee, October 5.
FLOUR—Scarce and firm.
WHEAT—opened closed firm; No. 1 Milwaukee hard \$1.06; No. 1 Milwaukee 96¢; No. 2 94¢; October 94¢; November 94½¢; December 95¢; No. 3 do 89½¢; No. 4 do nominal; rejected nominal.
CORN—No. 2, 30¢.
OATS—No. 2, 30¢.
RYE—No. 1, 82¢.
BARLEY—No. 2 spring, 80½¢.
PORK—Mess pork, \$15.00.
LARD—Prime steam, \$8.00.

MONETARY.

New York, October 5.
Money; 3½¢ cent.
Sterling exchange bankers' bills, at \$4.81; do demand, 4.83½.
Government bonds weak.
State bonds dull.
Stocks, strong.

MISCELLANEOUS.

Notice to Contractors.

Sealed proposals for the construction of Four Cisterns, for five purposes, will be received at the City Clerk's Office until October 19th, 1880, at 7 o'clock p. m.; the work to be done according to plans and specifications on file in the Clerk's Office.

By order of the Council, J. M. BURGESS, City Clerk.

(October 6th, 1880.)

For Sale.

Forty Acres of Good Land

In the town of La Prairie, Rock County, Wisconsin. For particulars call on address ANGELO, KING, No. 8 West Milwaukee street, Janessville, Wisconsin.

A FARM WANTED!

Of 80 to 140 Acres. Under good cultivation and buildings, including Barn and Stables, in good repair, and very near city of Janessville. Apply to ELWOOD & ETTOR, Janessville, Wisconsin. sep24dw15

REMOVAL!

REMOVAL!

NEW QUARTERS

TRULSON & PETERSON

Take pleasure in informing their numerous customers and friends that they have removed their Main Street of

Boots & Shoes

From the Myers House, back to the F. S. Eldred Store, corner of West Milwaukee and River Sts., near First National Bank, where they will be pleased to see all old and new customers, and will favor them with a call, assuring that they will sell in the future, as in the past.

GOOD GOODS

AT SATISFACTORY PRICES!

P. S. We will make a Special Sale of Old Style of Boots and Shoes at much less than cost. We make Boots and Shoes to order as usual.

REPAIRING NEATLY DONE.

TRULSON & PETERSON. sep24dw15

Please Read This!

Insurance,

Real Estate Headquarters.

ESTABLISHED IN 1858

Represent sound old companies only. Risks written at best rates and losses promptly adjusted and paid. Houses and Lots for sale. Farming Lands in the city for sale. Good bargains. Houses and Lots for rent, and Money to loan on good real estate security at low rates of interest.

DIMOCK & HAYNER

AGENTS. SMITH & JACKMAN'S BLOCK. JANEVILLE, - - - WISCONSIN. ang14dw15

R. W. KING'S

BOOK STORE

AND

NEWS Depot!

SCHOOL,

BLANK & POCKET

BOOKS!

VIOLIN STRINGS,

BRIDGES,

HARMONICAS!

Papers, Envelopes, Ink, Pens, Slates, &c., &c., at Bottom Prices.

Next Door to Post Office

Dr. JAMES,

Lock Hospital, 204 Washington St., St. Paul, Minn. CHARGE: For the purpose of relieving suffering humanity, and for the purpose of curing all kinds of venereal diseases, Dr. James has established a Lock Hospital, where he will cure all kinds of venereal diseases, whether new or old, and whether the disease is in the blood or in the system. He will cure all kinds of venereal diseases, whether new or old, and whether the disease is in the blood or in the system. He will cure all kinds of venereal diseases, whether new or old, and whether the disease is in the blood or in the system.

BLANKS.

FOR Constables' Accounts with Rock County

AT GAZETTE OFFICE. my14dw15

There is Nothing in the Drug Line that You Cannot Find at
E. V. WHITON & CO'S
Corner Milwaukee and Jackson Sts., Cannon's Block.
ap14dw15

CLOTHING!

When You Feel the Need of Clothing for yourself or any of your Children, or if you haven't any children, come in with your cousin or some other man, and if you want a Suit made by Measure, and a Sure Fit, or a Ready Made Suit, we will show you what may be had for a very small amount of money. Furnishing Goods, Hats, Caps, and the best line of Underwear to be found.

WITH the ADVENT

OF THE

Fall Season Comes

SMITH & BOSTWICK!

With the most Extensive Assortment of Merchandise ever shown to the public of this city.

We have been receiving the past two weeks, and are now receiving

our Fall Stock, which in quantity, quality and style, far exceeds any

stock ever before received by us, which is a guarantee that it is far

ahead of any stock in the city. In fact we have the only real new

stock of goods in this city. We shall have a buyer in New York all

the time from now until November 1st. Consequently we shall be re-

ceiving all the Novelties of the season every day as they come out.

SMITH & BOSTWICK.

September 6th, 1880.

An immense Stock of Carpets for the Fall Trade have arrived.

S. & B

DENNISTON!

49 WEST MILWAUKEE ST.

NEW 1880 Raisins, at DENNISTON'S.

SCARBOBO Beach, Clann Chowder, at DENNISTON'S.

NEW Pine Apple Cheese, at DENNISTON'S.

BOSTON Fish Chowder, at DENNISTON'S.

PREPARED Milk Chocolate, at DENNISTON'S.

BROOK Trout (spiced), at DENNISTON'S.

FRESH Mackerel in Salade Dressing, at DENNISTON'S.

SARDINES in Mustard Sauce, at DENNISTON'S.

ONE Case Boneless Lunch Herring, at DENNISTON'S.

FRESH Celery daily, at DENNISTON'S.